25336. Adulteration of cocktail sauce. U. S. v. 80 Cases and 329 Cases of Cocktail Sauce. Decrees of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 36250, 36275. Sample nos. 35838-B, 45929-B.)

These cases involved shipments of cocktail sauce that contained excessive mold.

On September 5 and September 6, 1935, the United States attorneys for the Northern District of California and for the District of Colorado, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in their respective district courts libels praying seizure and condemnation of 329 cases of cocktail sauce at San Francisco, Calif., and 80 cases of cocktail sauce at Denver, Colo., consigned by the Snider Packing Corporation, of Rochester, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce in part on or about February 13, 1935, from Albion, N. Y., and in part on or about July 6, 1935, from New York, N. Y., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Snider Cocktail Sauce * * Snider Packing Corporation, General Office Rochester, N. Y."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a decomposed vegetable substance.

On October 15 and October 19, 1935, the claimant for the lot seized in the District of Colorado having consented to its destruction and no claim having been entered for the product seized at San Francisco, Calif., judgments of condemnation were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

R. G. Tugwell, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

25337. Adulteration of frozen chickens. U. S. v. 4 Barrels of Frozen Chickens. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 36253. Sample no. 39933–B.)

This action involved a shipment of frozen chickens which were in part decom-

posed and diseased.

On August 31, 1935, the United States attorney for the District of Maryland, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of four barrels of frozen chickens at Baltimore, Md., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 19, 1935, by the S. K. Produce Co., from Chicago, Ill., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance and in that it was

the product of diseased animals.

On October 9, 1935, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

R. G. TUGWELL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

26338. Adulteration of frozen eggs. U. S. v. 144 Cans of Frozen Eggs. Consent decree of condemnation. Product released under bond conditioned that decomposed portion be destroyed or denatured. (F. & D. no. 36286. Sample no. 30572.)

This case involved a shipment of frozen eggs which were in part decomposed. On September 9, 1935, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 144 cans of frozen eggs at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about July 1, 1935, by the Parsons Poultry & Egg Co., from Parsons, Kans., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed or putrid animal substance.

On October 11, 1935, Swift & Co., New York, N. Y., having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that the decomposed portion be segregated and destroyed or denatured under the supervision of this Department.

R. G. TUGWELL, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.